

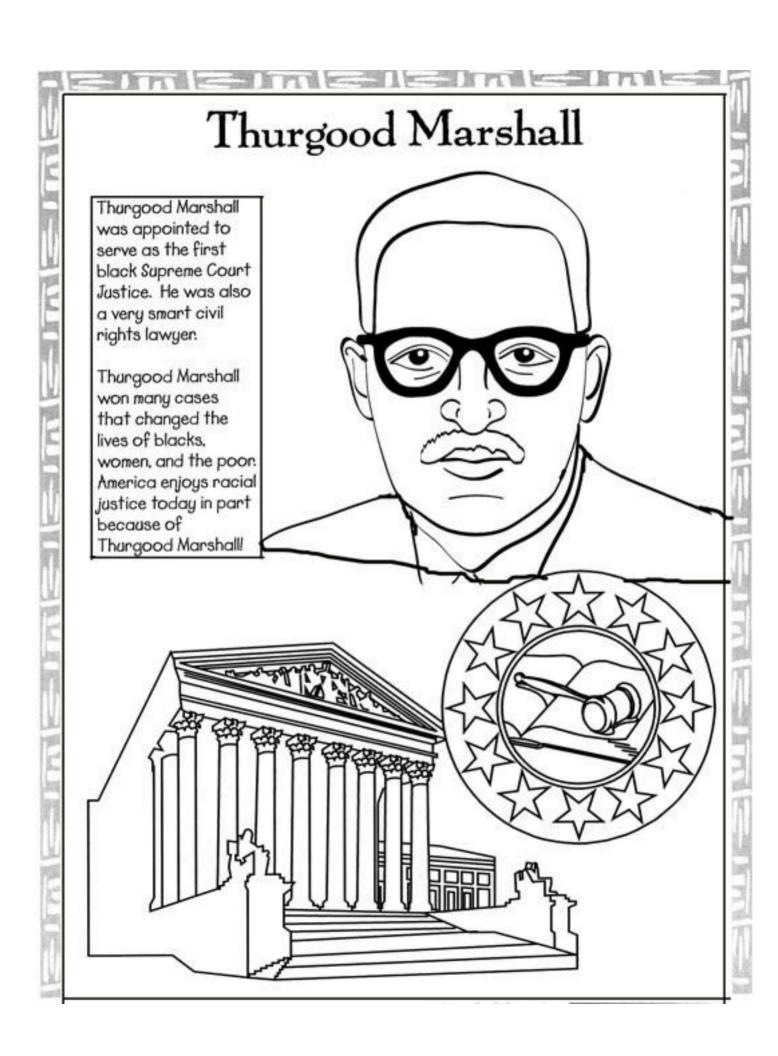
ROSA PARKS (1913-). Civil-rights activist. On December 1, 1955, Parks had the courage to refuse to give up her seat to a white person on a crowded bus in Montgomery, Alabama. She

was arrested and tried, triggering the boycott organized by Martin Luther King, Jr. Desegregated service on the bus system began on December 21.



Harriet Tubman. Harriet Tubman once said, "I think slavery is the next thing to hell." She herself was a slave who worked hard from the age of six until she was about 28, when she heard that she was to be sold and separated from her family. Tubman ran away, and with the help of willing hands along the Underground Railroad, she traveled north to Philadelphia. In 1850, after the passage of the second Fugitive Slave Act,

Tubman moved to Canada, but she continued to assist fugitive slaves. Rewards of up to \$12,000 were posted in the U.S. for her capture, and Tubman always traveled armed. But she never was captured, and she never lost a "railroad" passenger. Tubman led so many people to freedom along the Underground Railroad that she was compared to the prophet Moses, who led the Jews out of slavery to the Promised Land.

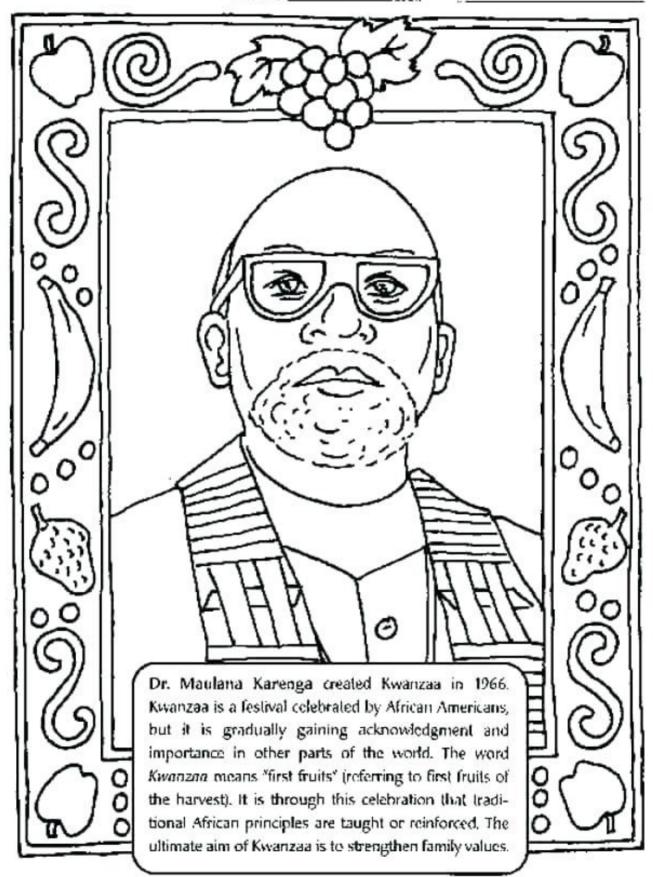


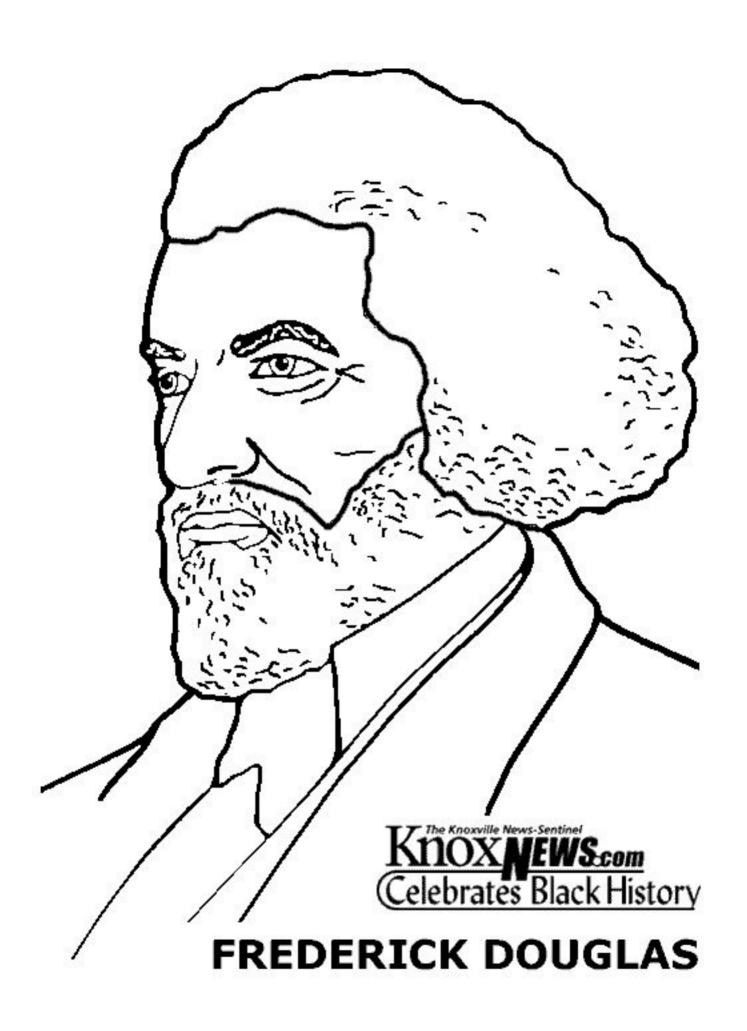


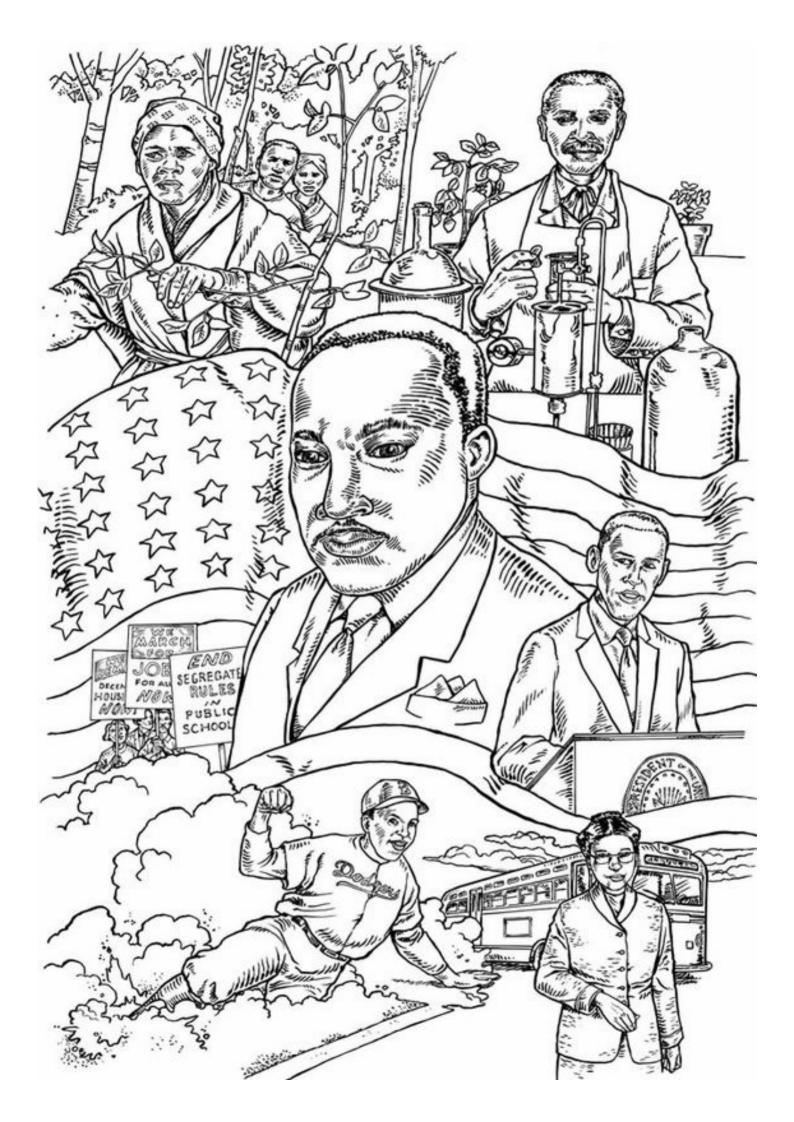


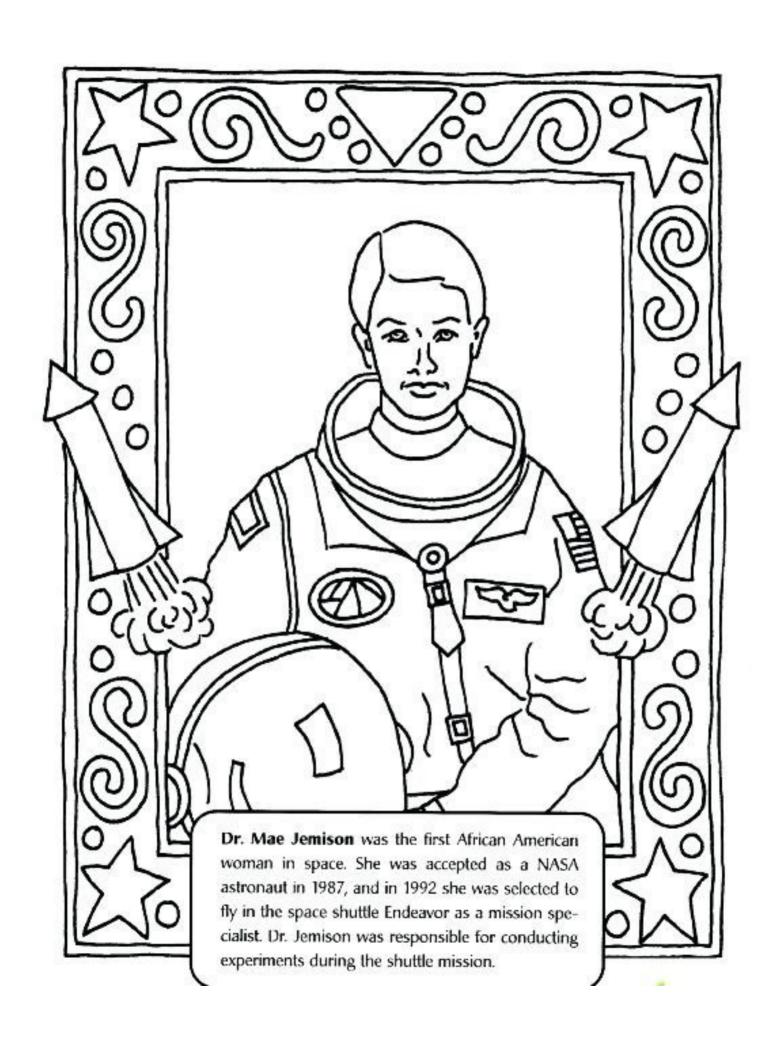
Henry "Box" Brown. Henry Brown, a Virginia slave, decided that because he was considered a "white man's property" he would, in his escape attempt, travel as a piece of property. He persuaded a carpenter to build him a box lined with fabric, just long enough for Brown to sit in. Then, with a small supply of biscuits, water, and a small hand drill, he got into the box and had himself

sealed and shipped to Philadelphia. It was a long, uncomfortable trip, but the crate was eventually delivered to the Anti Slave Society 26 hours later. When the lid was pried off the box, Henry Brown stiffly rose to his feet, saying, "How do you do, gentlemen?" From that day on he was known as Henry "Box" Brown, a hero to the anti-slavery cause.











Booker T. Washington (1850-1915) born a slave, founded the Normal and Industrial Institute at Tuskegee to teach skills and practical knowledge.

He soon became the foremost black educator in the country.